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Where is Jupiter?

Jupiter is the fifth planet from the sun.

It takes almost 45 minutes for light to travel from the sun to Jupiter. It takes only 8 minutes for sunlight to reach Earth.



Why is it called Jupiter?

Jupiter is the biggest planet in the solar system. It is named after the king of all the Roman gods.



How big is Jupiter compared to Earth?

Jupiter is 11 times wider than Earth.



What does Jupiter look like?

Jupiter has swirling clouds of white, brown, red, and yellow gas. It almost looks like it has stripes.

The temperature in Jupiter's clouds is about -234 degrees Fahrenheit (-148 degrees Celsius). Its core is believed to be even hotter than the sun, however!



What is it like on the surface of Jupiter?

Jupiter is a gas giant. It has an atmosphere of hydrogen and helium surrounding the planet. You would not be able to breathe on Jupiter!

You probably wouldn't be able to stand on Jupiter, either. Scientists believe Jupiter does not have a solid surface like Earth does. If you went to Jupiter, you would sink through its clouds. As you get closer to Jupiter's core, the clouds get denser, or more pressed together.



Fun Facts about Jupiter

Jupiter has more than 90 moons. Its biggest moons are lo, Europa, Ganymede, and Callisto. Ganymede is the biggest moon in the solar system. It is even bigger than the planet Mercury.

There is a storm on the surface of Jupiter called the Great Red Spot. The Great Red Spot is bigger than the planet Earth! The storm has existed for more than 400 years.



Jupiter is covered in thick clouds. NASA/JPL/Space Science Institute



Jupiter is a gas giant planet. Of the four gas giants, Jupiter is closest to the sun.

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As the largest of all eight planets, Jupiter is the "king" of the solar system. Ivy Close Images/Alamy Stock Photo



Jupiter is so large that you could fit more than 1,300 Earths inside of it!

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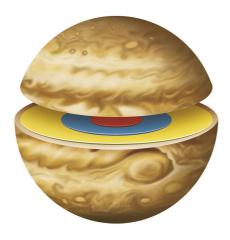
When energy from the sun hits Jupiter, it can create bright lights around the planet's north pole.

NASA, ESA, and J. Nichols (University of Leicester)



Jupiter's clouds have cold regions and hot spots. The swirling clouds form layers.

NASA/JPL-Caltech/SwRI/MSSS/Alex Mai



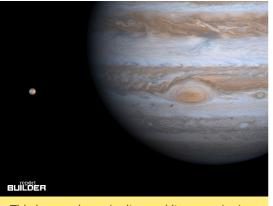
Jupiter has several layers. Its outer layer is made of gas, but inner layers are made of liquid hydrogen.

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The *Juno* spacecraft is orbiting Jupiter. It will help scientists discover what is under Jupiter's clouds.

NASA/JPL-Caltech



This image shows Jupiter and its moon Io. Io has more volcanoes than any other object in the solar system.

NASA/JPL/University of Arizona



Jupiter's moon Europa has an ocean under its crust. Scientists think life may even exist on Europa!

NASA/JPL-Caltech/SETI Institute



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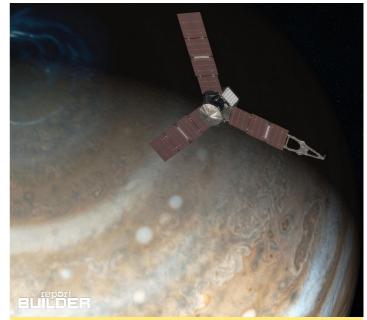
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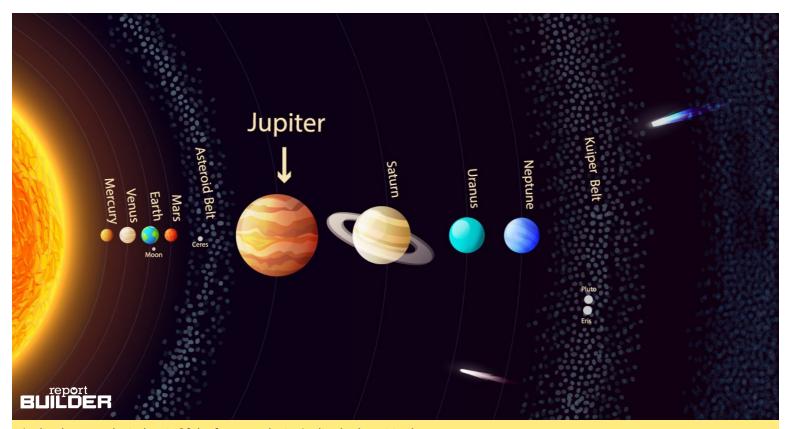


Jupiter's moon Europa has an ocean under its crust. Scientists think life may even exist on Europa! NASA/JPL-Caltech/SETI Institute



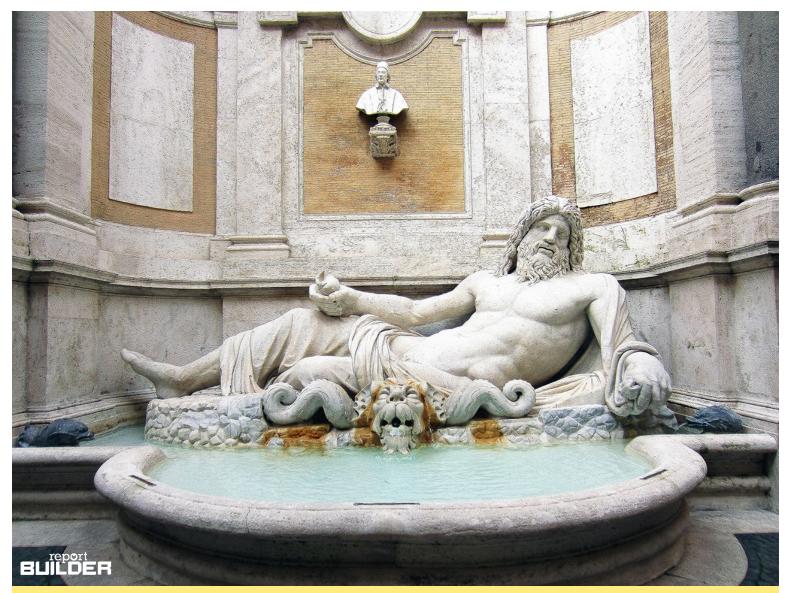
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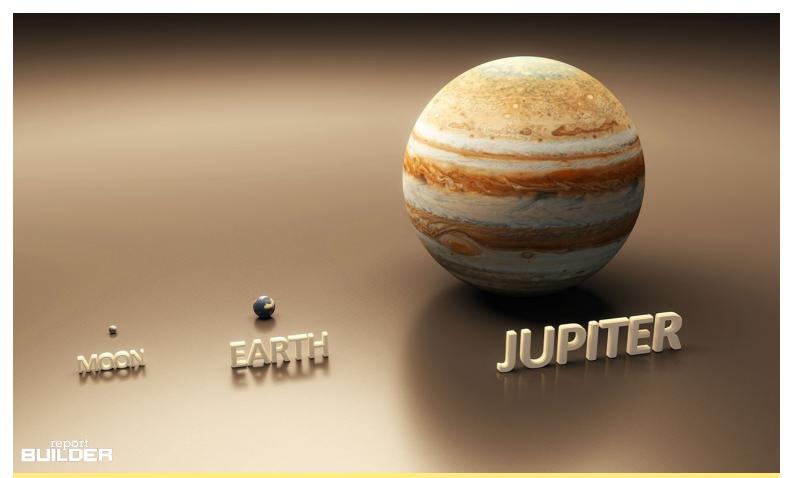
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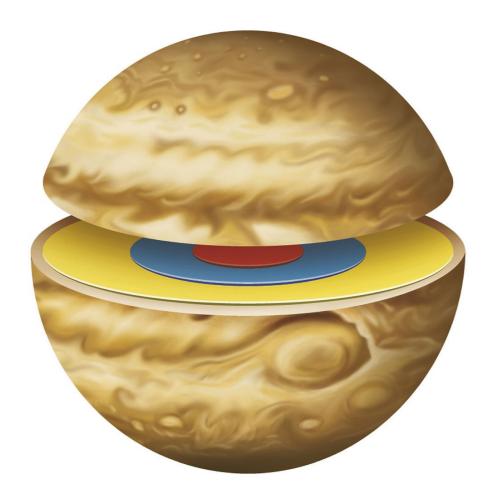
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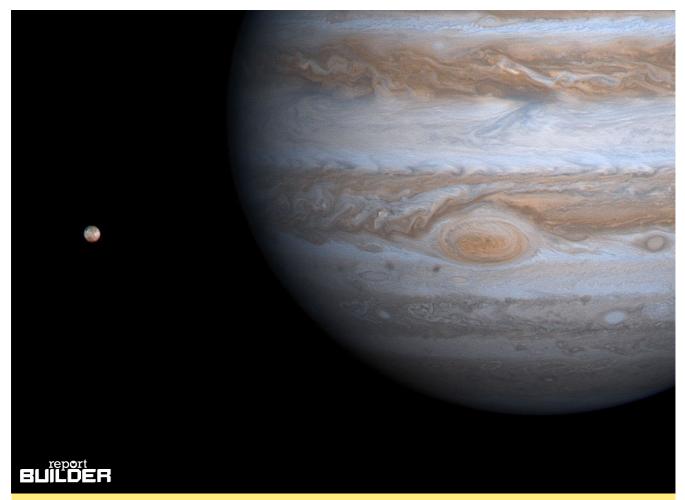




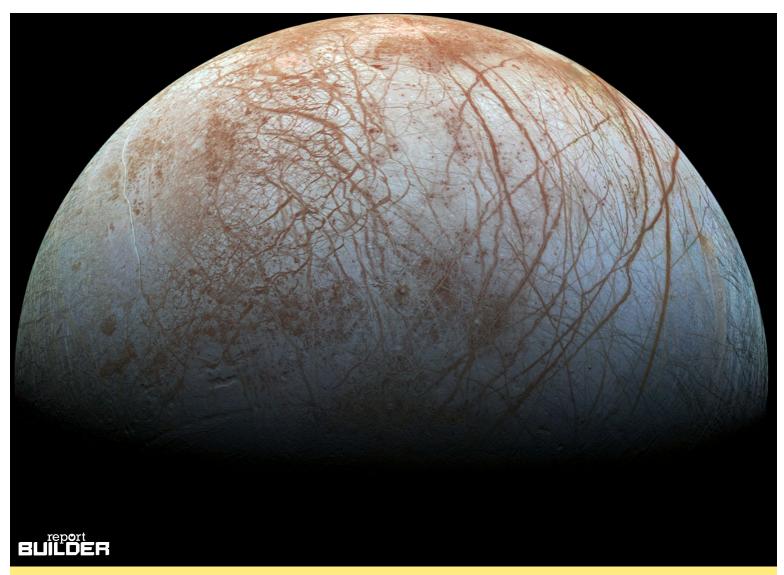
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